

# **RHEUMATOID FACTORS (RF)**

PRODUCT CODE: LXRF0025/LXRF0050

LXRF0100/LXRF0150

QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ISO 13485 CERTIFIED COMPANY

# **RHEUMATOID FACTORS (RF)** LATEX

# Principle:

The RF-Latex test is a rapid slide agglutination test for the direct detection and semiguantitation of Rheumatoid Factors in serum. The antigen, which is a particulate latex suspension coated with human gamma-globulin, agglutinates in the presence of rheumatoid factors in the patient serum.

# Presentation:

Contents	25 Tests	50 Tests	100 Tests	150 Tests
RF Latex	1 x 1.0ml	1 x 2.0ml	1 x 4.0ml	2x3.0 ml
Positive Control	1 x0.5ml	1 x 0.5ml	1 x 1.0ml	1 x 1.5ml
Negative Control	1 x 0.5ml	1 x 0.5ml	1 x 1.0ml	1 x 1.5ml
Test Cards Reusable	1	1	2	3
Pipette / Stirrers	25	50	100	150

# Composition:

RF Latex	Suspension of Latex Particles
	coated with human gamma-
	globulin to detect 8iu/ml on
	testing against the International
	Reference Preparation of
	Rheumatoid Arthritis Serum
	(WHO).
Positive Control	Human Serum
	Sodium Azide 0.95g/L.
Negative Control	Human Serum
	Sodium Azide 0.95g/L.

Although all our components which have been derived from human origin have been tested and found to be negative for the presence of anti-HIV, anti-HCV as well as HbsAg, it is recommended that they be handled cautiously and treated potentially infectious.

# Storage:

LXRF0025	LXRF0050	LXRF0100	LXRF0150		
25 TESTS	50 TESTS	100 TESTS	150 TESTS		
STORE AT 2-8°C					
INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE					
FOR IN-VITRO DIAGNOSTIC USE ONLY					

IVD For In Vitro Diagnostics Use Only LOT Lot Number REF **Catalogue Number** Storage Temperature Expiry Date (Year / Month)  $\triangle$ Warning, Read Enclosed Documents Ĭ Instructions For Use Manufactured By

Store components at 2-8°C. Cards and Pipettes may be kept at Room Temperature.

# Samples:

- Serum stable for 48 hours at 2-8°C.
- Samples should be free from contamination, haemolysis and Lipaemia.

#### Additional Equipment:

Mechanical Rotator set at 100 r.p.m.

#### Test Procedure:

- 1 Bring the reagents and samples to room temperature.
- 2. Place 50<sub>ul</sub> of the sample and 1 drop of the control into separate circles on the card.
- 3. Resuspend the latex gently.
- Add one drop of the latex reagent to each circle next to the 4 sample which is to be tested.
- Mix with the disposabe pipette / stirrer and spread over the entire 5. area enclosed by the ring. Use a new stirrer for each sample.
- Rotate the cards at 100 r.p.m. for 2 minutes. 6.

# Quantitative Test

- Using a semi-automatic pipette, add 50µl of 9g/L saline to 1
- 2. circles 2, 3, 4 and 5. Do not spread the saline.
- 3. Add 50µl of patient sample to circles 1 & 2.
- 4. Mix the saline and sample in circle 2 by drawing the mixture up and down being careful to avoid the formation of any bubbles.
- 5. Transfer 50µl from circle 2 to the saline in circle 3.
- Perform serial dilutions in the same manner until the last circle, 6. discarding 50µl at the end.
- 7. Using the pipette / stirrer, spread the diluted samples over the entire area of each circle starting at circle 5 and working backwards to the neat sample in circle 1.
- 8. Proceed as a qualitative test from step 3.

#### Quality Control:

Each run of tests should be validated with a positive and negative control.

#### **Reading and Interpretation:**

- Examine macroscopically for the presence or absence of clumps or agglutination within 1 minute of removing the card from the rotator.
- The presence of visible agglutination indicates a content of rheumatoid factor ≥8 iu/ml.
- Positive sera may be titred. To titrate make serial two-fold dilutions in 9g/L saline as indicated in the Quantitative Test

procedure. The serum titre is defined as the highest dilution showing positive agglutination. The approximate RF level (iu/ml) present in the sample may be obtained multiplying the titer by the limit of sensitivity (8iu/ml). For example:-

Dilution	RF ju/(In Neat Specimen)
Neat	8
1:2	16
1:4	32
1:8	64
1:16	128
1:32	256

If the endpoint dilution is 1:32, the corresponding RF serum concentration would be 32 x 8 or 256iu/ml

# Limitations of the Procedure:

- Diagnosis must not be based solely on the result of this test but should be complemented with others (ie RF-Waaler test) along with the clinical examination.
- The incidence of positive results with serum from apparently healthy individuals is 3 - 5%.
- Positive reactions do occur in conditions other than rheumatoid arthritis such as mononucleosis, hepatitis, syphilis and also in elderly patients.

#### Notes:

- The sensitivity of the test may be reduced at low temperatures. 1 The best results are obtained over 10°C.
- 2. Delay in reading the results may result in over-estimation of the RF level
- 3. The results obtained with the latex test do not compare with those obtained by the Waaler Rose test. Differences in results do not reflect a difference between techniques in the ability to detect rheumatoid factors.

#### Reference:

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